Directors' and Officers' Liability

A Law and Economics Perspective

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1. Introduction

- D&O liability heavily debated because of trade-off:
 - Potential to solve the P-A problem
 - May lead to undesirable risk aversion
- L&E contributes to the debate
- Benefits of Law and Economics
- Helps to understand incentives
- Helps to ask the right question
- Also in a comparison
- Identity trade-offs









1. Introduction

- But lit and law-making strongly US influenced
- Nothing wrong:
- Business judgment rule
- disclosure











2. Contractual D&O Liability: **Creditor Protection**

- Starting point: limited shareholder liability
 - Coase: the nature of the firm
 - Creates positive externalities
 - Possibility of diversification (portfolio theory)
- Creditor protection
 - Informed contracting (Coase 1960) for voluntary creditors
 - But potential contract failures
 - Involuntary creditors?









2. Contractual D&O Liability: **Creditor Protection**

- Contracting liabilities
- Limited liability only problem with uninformed creditors or fraud/misrepresentation
- Extending D&O liabilities (by contract) problematic









3. Owner Protection

- Owner protection doubtful (if for escaping liability) but:
 - Managers of other people's money
 - Misuse of limited liability could lead to veil
- Inside liability
- · Potential moral hazard as a result of dispersed ownership
- · Various monitoring devices available (eg nonexecutive directors/supervisory directors)
- Market for corporate control









4. Liability for Damage to the Corporation and Shareholders

- 4.1 Fiduciary duty (no stealing)
- No-conflicts rule: liability suit probable
- Conflict approval: by the principal
- Law should provide constraints
- Eg delegation to independent (supervisory)









4. Liability for Damage to the Corporation and Shareholders

- 4.2 Duty of care (no shirking)
- Business judgment rule:
 - · Reaction to rational risk-aversion
 - Informed decision-making
 - Monitoring duties









5. Waivers and Indemnities

- · Leading to under-deterrence? Not necessarily
- Ex ante waiver: US yes, EU no
- · Real effects often limited and overestimated
- Mandatory liability undesirable
- Balanced approach
- Therefore waivers (ex post) accepted in most jurisdictions









6. Liability for Damage to Third Parties

- 6.1 Third party liability
- Breach of duty towards creditor
- Useful if agent easier to deter than principal
- But potentially averse effects
- 6.2 Financial disclosure
- Directors' liability for misrepresentation in prospectus
- To cure information asymmetry









6. Liability for Damage to Third Parties

6.3 Insolvency

- Not necessarily proof of misbehaviour
- But problem of incentives in a last-period
- There contracting fails









7. Concluding

- D&O liability represents many challenges
- Overstressing of liabilities dangerous
- Balanced approach needed
- Breaches of fiduciary duty likely to lead to successful liability suits
- Breaches of duty of care less (understandable)
- But many challenges remain eg:
- Drawing line between loyalty and care
- Balancing liabilities towards third parties
- And many more...







